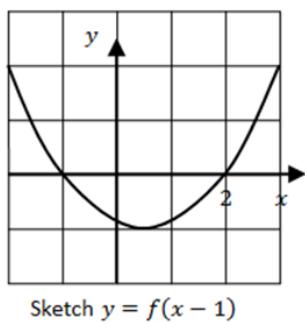
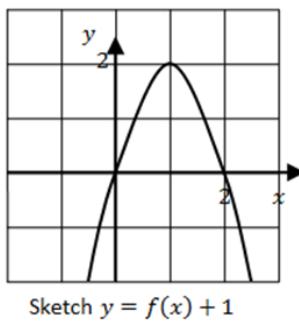


GCSE – Graph Transformations

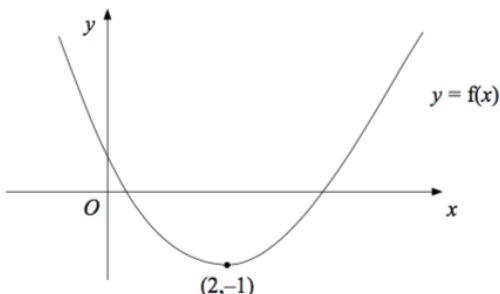
Mini-Exercise

$y = f(x)$	(4,3)	(1,0)	(6, -4)
$y = f(x + 1)$			
$y = f(x) - 1$			
$y = f(-x)$			
$y = -f(x)$			
$y = f(2x)$			
$y = 3f(x)$			
$y = f\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)$			

Test Your Understanding



Question 1

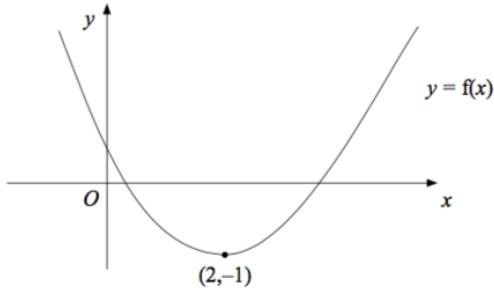


The diagram shows part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$. The minimum point of the curve is at (2, -1)

Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation $y = f(x + 2)$

.....

Question 2

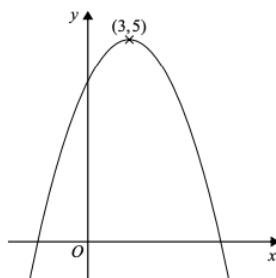


The diagram shows part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$. The minimum point of the curve is at (2, -1)

Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation $y = 3f(x)$

.....

Question 3



The diagram shows part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$. The coordinates of the maximum point of the curve are (3, 5).

Write down the coordinates of the maximum point of the curve with equation $y = f(3x)$

.....

Question 4

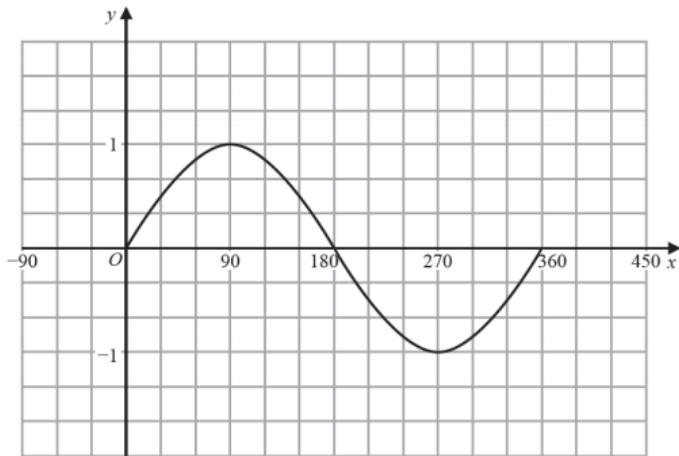
The curve with equation $y = f(x)$ has a maximum point at (2, -7).

Find the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation $y = -f(x)$

.....

Question 5

Here is the graph of $y = \sin x^\circ$ for $0 \leq x \leq 360$

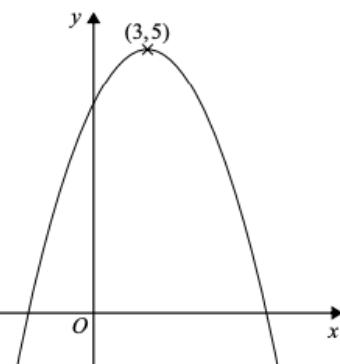


In $0 \leq x \leq 360$, the graph of

$y = \sin \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^\circ + 3$ has a maximum at the point A .

Write down the coordinates of A .

.....

Question 7

The diagram shows part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$. The coordinates of the maximum point of the curve are (3, 5). The curve with equation $y = f(x)$ is transformed to give the curve with equation

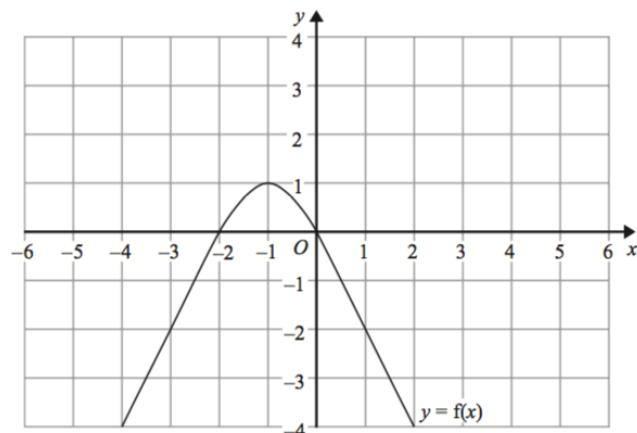
$$y = f(x) - 4$$

Describe the transformation.

.....

Question 6

The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown on the grid.

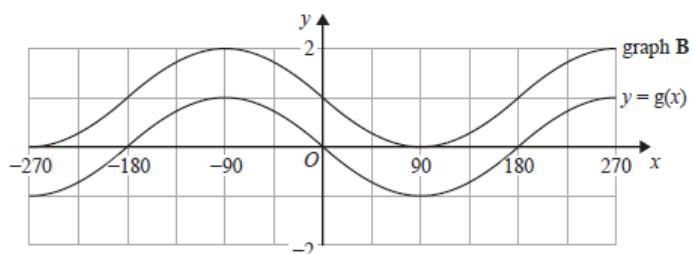


The graph of $y = f(x)$ has a turning point at the point $(-1, 1)$. Write down the coordinates of the turning point of the graph of $y = f(-x) + 2$

.....

Question 8

The graph of $y = g(x)$ is shown on the grid.



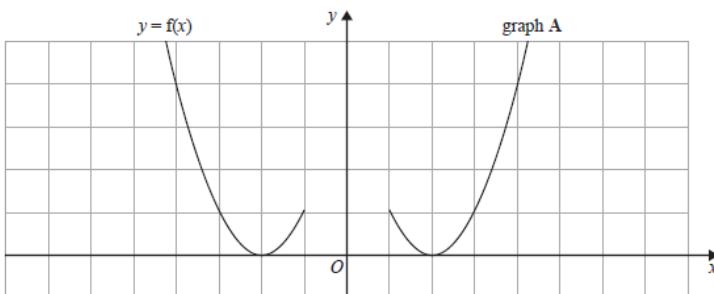
Graph B is a translation of the graph of $y = g(x)$.

Write down the equation of graph B.

$$y = \dots$$

Question 9

The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown on the grid.



Graph A is a reflection of the graph of $y = f(x)$.

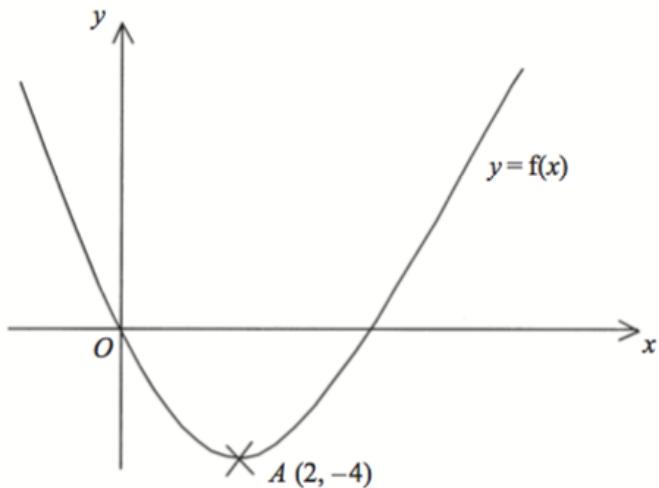
Write down the equation of graph A.

$$y = \dots$$

Question 10

This is a sketch of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$.

It passes through the origin O .



The only vertex of the curve is at $A(2, -4)$.

The curve with equation $y = x^2$ has been translated to give the curve $y = f(x)$.

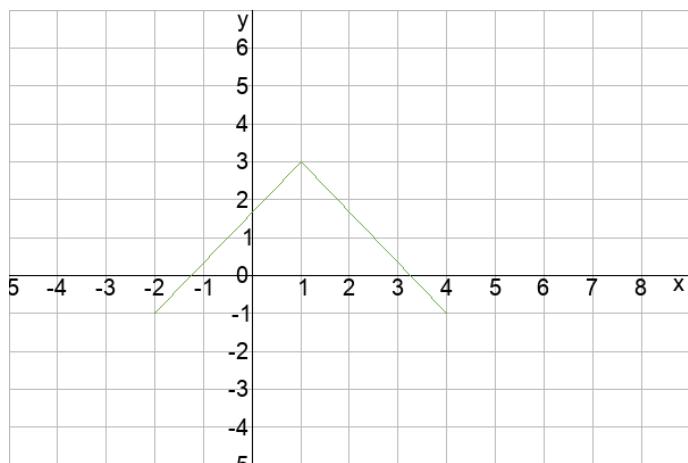
Find $f(x)$ in terms of x .

$$f(x) = \dots$$

Question 11

Here is the graph of $y = f(x)$

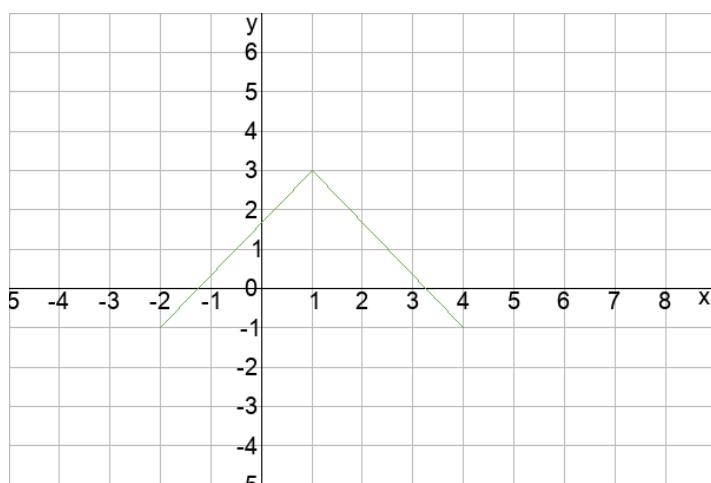
On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 2f(x)$



Question 12

Here is the graph of $y = f(x)$

On the grid, draw the graph of $y = f(-x)$



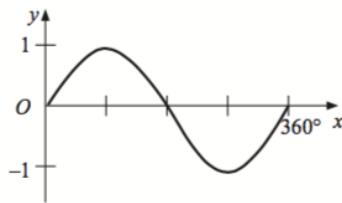
Question 13

The coordinates of the turning point of the graph of $y = x^2 - 8x + 25$ is $(4, 9)$.

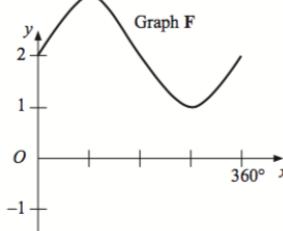
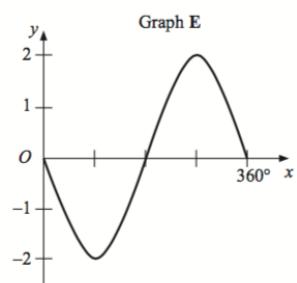
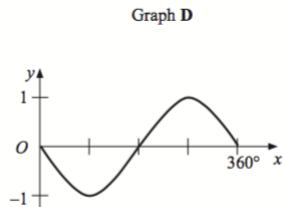
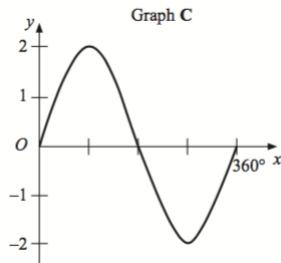
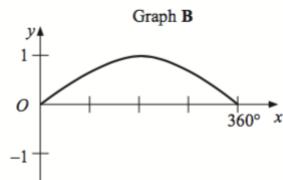
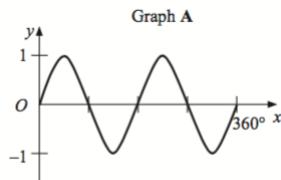
Hence describe the single transformation which maps the graph of $y = x^2$ onto the graph of $y = x^2 - 8x + 25$.

Question 14

Here is the graph of $y = \sin x$, where $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$

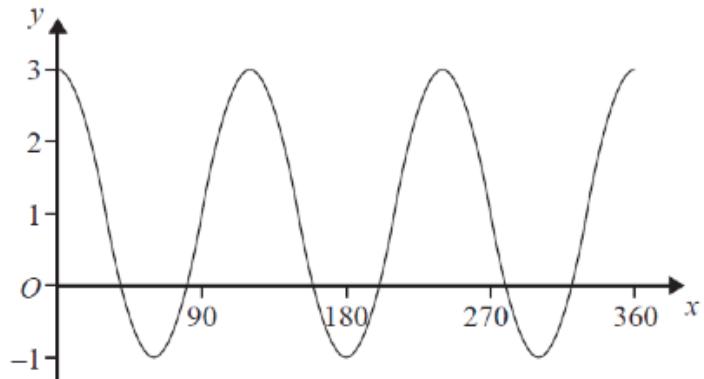


Match the following graphs to the equations.



Question 15

Here is a sketch of the curve $y = a \cos bx^\circ + c$, $0 \leq x \leq 360$



Find the values of a , b and c .

.....

Equation	Graph
$y = 2 \sin x$
$y = -\sin x$
$y = \sin 2x$
$y = \sin x + 2$
$y = \sin \frac{1}{2}x$
$y = -2 \sin x$